HOT WORK PROGRAM

DID YOU KNOW....?

- Between 2009-2013, Hot Work was directly responsible for
 - 8.26% of all fires and
 - Resulted in approximately \$10 million in damage.

WHAT IS HOT WORK...?

- any temporary or permanent operation that produces flames, sparks, or heat, such as:
- Work involving electric or gas welding, cutting, brazing or similar flame or spark-producing operation





WHAT IS HOT WORK...?

- cutting
- welding
- brazing
- grinding
- sawing
- soldering
- thawing frozen pipes
- applying roof coverings
- sealing plastic shrink-wrap by torch,
- & using a plumber's torch
- Any type of work that creates sparks...

FIRST OFF, ARE THERE OTHER OPTIONS? WHAT ABOUT:

- mechanical bolting vs. welding
- manual hydraulic shears vs. saw/torch cutting
- hand filing vs. grinding
- install threaded pipe vs. welded or soldered (does local code permit?)
- avoid the use of torches!

IF HOT WORK IS YOUR ONLY OPTION...

• Where can you do this hot work? Anywhere you want?



DESIGNATED HOT WORK AREAS:

- PFW personnel have identified certain locations where their department is allowed to do Hot Work without the requirement of a *Hot Work Permit*;
- For a current list of these designated areas, please contact REM at 260-481-5744 or 260-481-4193



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DESIGNATED HOT WORK AREA REQUIREMENTS:

- sprinkler and/or fire extinguisher in good condition
- hot work equipment must also be in good condition
- 35 feet clearance of combustible materials
- fire watch provided during and for 60 mins. after work finished
 - Longer if deemed necessary

HOT WORK AREA SIGN

All Designated Hot Work Areas have signs posted!



HOT WORK AREA

• If Hot Work cannot be done in a Designated Area, a Hot Work Permit must be obtained...

HOT WORK PERMIT

- Required for temporary (< 8 hours) hot work done in non-designated areas
- Follow all "Required Precautions" written on the Permit
- Contact supervisor or REM for final Permit review and approval
- · Permit must be posted at the work area for duration of job
- Upon completion of job, submit Permit to REM for record keeping

AIG HOT WORK PERMIT

- Signatures are needed from Person Issuing Permit, Person Doing Hot Work, and Fire Watch
- Instructions are provided on Part
 and Part
- Any questions about completing the permit, contact your supervisor or REM

Global Property - Loss Prevention HOT WORK PE	II LIIUIII LA I	
Can the work be completed using a different such as the maintenance shop, which would	RMIT PART 1	
Permit Number: 403312 Hot Work Being Conducted by:	Required Precautions Checklist Review of the uperations / tasks have been conducted and temporary Management of Change issued as	
Employee:	necessary. Work permits or line cutting permits have been reviewed as necessary.	
Issue Date:	Sprinkler protection, hose streams and fire extinguate in service and operational.	
Location, Bldg & Floor: Nature of Task: Cutting Welding Brazing Grinding Soldering	Hot work equipment is in good repair and secured necessary. Within 35 ft (10 m) of tosk area(s)	
☐ Thawing Pipe ☐ Torch Applied Roofing ☐ Other	Floors have been swept clean of combustibles. Flammable figuids, combustible figuids, combustible dust, lint and oil deposits have been removed.	
The location where this work is to be done has been examined and necessary precautions have been taken. Permission is hereby granted for this work. Name of Person [ssuing Permit: Signed:	Eliminate explosive atmosphere. Combustible floors have been wet down or cover	
	with damp sand, metal or other nancombustible shi Combustible materials have been removed or prof with fire resistive torpaulins or metal shields. All wall and floor openings have been covered.	
	Fire resistive tarpaulins have been suspended bene the work to collect sparks.	
Permit Expires DateAM PM	Work on Walls or Ceilings Construction is noncombustible and without combu- coverings or insulation.	
Extended Fire Watch Extended Fire Watch Required Yes No	Combustibles have been removed away from opposite of wall or ceiling.	
Extended Fire Watch Duration hours	Work on Enclosed Equipment	
Instructions:	Equipment has been cleaned of all combustibles. Containers have been purged of flammoble, combustible liquids, vapors or gases.	
 Verify that all applicable precautions have been implemented and that the site is safe for hot work. 	Pressurized vessels and piping have been remove from service, isolated and ventod (IOCK OUTTAG O	
Part 1 (first page) should be completed and retained for records.	Equipment with stored energy or alectrical energy been removed from service and isolated (LOCK OUT TAG OUT).	
3. Issue Part 2 to individual(s) conducting the hot work and see additional instructions on Part 2.	Fire Watch Fire watch will be provided during the task and for minimum of 1-hour after the task has been complet for the extended fire watch duration.	
4. Important note: The facility should follow	Fire watch has been trained in the use of and provide with portable fire extinguishers or charged fire hase.	
the guidelines listed on this form or those required by local jurisdiction, if mass	Fire watch is posted on lower flaars if an opening ex that would allow sparks or embers to drop down.	
stringent.	Fire watch is trained an how to properly report a fire via the plant fire alarm procedures or fire alarm syst	
	Hat work area will be monitored for 3-hours after job is finished.	

- The Person
 Issuing the
 Permit will sign
 the Hot Work
 Permit twice
 - Once when the permit is requested
 - Second on Part
 when the Hot
 Work and Fire
 Watch are
 complete

35 FOOT RULE

- Shield combustible flooring with wet sand, AIG-Approved welding blankets
- Clean up the area, especially of oily deposits and trash
- Cover any combustibles that cannot be moved with AIG-Approved welding blankets
- Block off any duct openings
- Cover or fill any openings in exposed walls, floors and ceilings with AIG-Approved fire-stop material
 - Contact REM for AIG-approved hot work equipment

35 FOOT RULE

- It's easy to overlook combustible materials like grass, debris, trash, or wood pallets
- Move combustible materials at least 35 feet away from the hot work area
- If they can't be moved, they must be protected with flame-proof covers, welding curtains, etc.

ALSO,...

- Relocate any combustibles on other side of wall
- · If working at elevated location, provide covering under work area
- Close all doors and fire doors check for gaps



FIRE WATCH

- What is a fire watch? Someone who continuously monitors the hot work area for fires that may be caused by flying sparks and any changes in the surrounding condition that may make hot work unsafe
 - This job is not to be given to someone who already has another job to do!
- They must be trained in how to properly use a fire extinguisher, including hands on practice
- Fire Watch need to be assigned to cover all areas where sparks might travel (floor or wall opening, open ductwork, grating, open sewer drains)
- Fire Watch will monitor the area for a minimum of 3 hours after hot work is complete (longer if necessary)

IMPORTANCE OF FIRE WATCH



- Why do we need fire watches?
 - Sparks produced by hot work operations can be spread over a large area. This makes it impossible for operators to do their work and watch for fires as well
 - Fire watches are ensuring that the operator is safe to continue performing the job, and keeping others safe around him/her

MANAGING OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS

- Contractors shall perform all hot work procedures in accordance with IPFW's Hot Work Program
- A Hot Work Permit is required for each job
- Keep in mind contractors will have the expertise but may not be familiar with the hazards in the work area
- Contractors are not to use IPFW equipment

It is essential that our contractors adhere to regulations and our policies!

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

- In accordance with your department's PPE Hazard Assessment, the following PPE is required for each task:
- · Grinding: safety glasses w/side shield or goggles and face shield.
- **Soldering:** filter spectacles or hand shield (shield 1.5-3); safety shoes or shoe covers; work gloves.







Table 1				
Filter Lenses for Protection Against Radiant Energy				

Operations	Electrode size in 1/32" (0.8mm)	Arc current	Minimum* protective shade
Shielded metal arc welding	< 3 3 - 5 5 - 8 > 8	< 60 60 - 160 160 - 250 250 - 550	7 8 10 11
Gas metal arc welding < 60			7 10 10 10
Gas tungsten arc welding		< 50 50 - 150 150 - 500	8 8 10
Air carbon	(light)	< 500	10
Arc cutting	(heavy)	500 - 1,000	11
Plasma arc welding		< 20 20 - 100 100 - 400 400 - 800	6 8 10 11
Plasma arc cutting	(light)** (medium)** (heavy)**	< 300 300 - 400 400 - 800	8 9 10
Torch brazing			3
Torch soldering			2
Carbon arc welding			14
Gas welding: Light	< 1/8	< 3.2	4
Gas welding: Medium	1/8 - 1/2	3.2 - 12.7	5
Gas welding: Heavy	> 1/2	> 12.7	6
Oxygen cutting: Light	< 1	< 25	3
Oxygen cutting: Medium	1 - 6	25 - 150	4
Oxygen cutting: Heavy	> 6	> 150	5

Welding – Electric arc: Welding goggles & face shield (shade-see table); welding apron; safety shoes or shoe covers; welding gloves.

Welding – Gas: Welding goggles & face shield (shade-see table); welding apron; safety shoes or shoe covers; welding gloves.

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY

- Call Police at 911
- If applicable, pull Fire Alarm.



QUESTIONS?

- Contact your supervisor
- Refer to the written IPFW Hot Work Program
- As always, call REM at either 15744 or 14193.



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