A. General Information **Respondent Information (Not for Publication)** Name: A0 A0 Office: Α0 Mailing Address: Α0 A0 City/State/Zip/Country: Phone: Α0 Α0 E-mail Address: Α0 Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? A0 Yes If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: Α0 A0A We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items. Α1 **Address Information** Name of College/University: Indiana University - Purdue University Fort Wayne Α1 Mailing Address: Α1 2101 E. Coliseum Blvd. City/State/Zip/Country: Fort Wayne, IN 46805-1499 Α1 Street Address (if different): Α1 City/State/Zip/Country: Α1 Α1 Main Phone Number: 260-481-6100 Α1 WWW Home Page Address: http://www.ipfw.edu Admissions Phone Number: 260-481-6812 Α1 Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number: Α1 800-324-4739 Admissions Office Mailing Address: 2101 E. Coliseum Blvd. Α1 Fort Wayne, IN 46805-1499 City/State/Zip/Country: Α1 Admissions Fax Number: Α1 260-481-6880 Admissions E-mail Address: ask@ipfw.edu Α1 **A1** If there is a separate URL for your nttp://www.ipfw.edu/admissions school's online application, please specify: Α1 If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide: Source of institutional control (Check only one): A2 A2 **A2** Private (nonprofit) Proprietary A2 Classify your undergraduate institution: А3 Coeducational college А3 Α3 Men's college Women's college

Χ

A3

Α4

Α4

Α4

Α4

Α4

Α4

Academic year calendar:

Differs by program (describe):

Semester

Trimester

Other (describe):

Quarter

4-1-4 Continuous

CDS-A Page 1

No

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

A5	Certificate	Χ
A5	Diploma	
Α5	Associate	Χ
Α5	Transfer Associate	
Α5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Χ
Α5	Postbachelor's certificate	Χ
Α5	Master's	Χ
Α5	Post-master's certificate	
Α5	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
Α5	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
Α5	Doctoral degree other	

CDS-A Page 2

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FUL	L-TIME	PART	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	666	814	48	34
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	188	228	99	130
B1	All other degree-seeking	1,768	2,215	709	809
B1	Total degree-seeking	2,622	3,257	856	973
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	14	20	914	1,301
B1	Total undergraduates	2,636	3,277	1,770	2,274
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	46	24	29	18
B1	All other degree-seeking	20	21	102	174
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	0	0	13	10
B1	Total graduate	66	45	144	202
B1	Total all undergraduates	•			9,957
B1	Total all graduate			•	457
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				10,414

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	23	155	181
B2	Hispanic/Latino	154	502	628
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	124	430	489
B2	White, non-Hispanic	1,124	6,077	7,956
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	1	13	16
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	58	224	315
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-			
	Hispanic	2	4	5
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	76	284	345
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	0	19	22
B2	TOTAL	1,562	7,708	9,957

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

DJ	Number of degrees awarded from	ii duly 1, 2010
B3	Certificate/diploma	72
B3	Associate degrees	130
B3	Bachelor's degrees	1376
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	19
B3	Master's degrees	203
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees –	
	research/scholarship	
B3	Doctoral degrees – professional	
	practice	
B3	Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2017-18 Survey

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Institutions

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2010 and Fall 2011 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)
- *Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

Fall 2011 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columes to the left)
For mer ly B4	A- Initital 2011 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree seeking undergraduate-students	790	321	483	1594
For mer ly B5	B- Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	2	0	1	3
ly B6	C- Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	788	321	482	1591
For mer ly B7	D - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2015)	57	38	81	176
For mer ly B8	E - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	70	35	70	175
For mer ly B9	F - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2016 and by Aug. 31, 2017)	59	23	38	120
For mer ly B10	G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	186	96	189	471

For					
	H - Six-year graduation rate for 2011 cohort (G divided by C)	23.60%	29.91%	39.21%	29.60%
B11					

Fall 2010 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columes to the left)
For mer ly B4	A- Initital 2010 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree seeking undergraduate-students	872	404	537	1813
For mer ly B5	B- Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	0	0	0	0
For mer ly B6	C- Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	872	404	537	1813
For mer ly B7	D - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2014)	45	20	69	134
For mer ly B8	E - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2014 and by Aug. 31, 2015)	75	48	75	198
For mer ly B9	F - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	42	25	32	99
For mer ly B10	G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	162	93	176	431
For mer ly B11	H - Six-year graduation rate for 2010 cohort (G divided by C)	18.58%	23.02%	32.77%	23.77%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2014 cohort if available. If 2014 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2013 cohort.

2014 Cohort

B12	Initial 2014 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
	Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
	Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0

B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2013 Cohort

B12	Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2016 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2016 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2017?	
		58.20%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2017. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

	cascoquonity on or oa aumicolom	
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1926
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	2477
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1803
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	2354
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	666
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	48
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	814
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	34

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2017 admissions:		
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		
		Yes	No
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?		
C2	If yes, do you release that information to students?		
C2	Do you release that information to school counselors?		

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

CJ	riigii school completion requirement	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	Y
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units	20	
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	3	
C5	Science	3	
C5	Of these, units that must be		
	lab		
C5	Foreign language	2	
C5	Social studies	3	
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives	5	
C5	Computer Science		

C5	Visual/Performing Arts	
C5	Other (specify)	

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain):	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Acadomio	, ,			
Academic			1	1
Rigor of secondary school	X			
record				
Class rank	X			
Academic GPA	X			
Standardized test scores	X			
Application Essay				Х
Recommendation(s)			X	
Nonacademic				
Interview				Х
Extracurricular activities				Х
Talent/ability			X	
Character/personal qualitie	S			Х
First generation				X
Alumni/ae relation				X
Geographical residence				X
State residency			X	
Religious				V
affiliation/commitment				X
Racial/ethnic status				Х
Volunteer work				Х
Work experience				Х
Level of applicant's interest	:			Х

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

	Yes	No
Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	Y	
applicants?	^	

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2019.

C8A			ADMISSION			
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some		Not Used
					Submitted	
C8A	SAT or ACT	Χ				
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
	ACT					
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only					

C8B	If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants
	for Fall 2019, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used
	in the admissions process):

C8B	ACT	with	writing	req	uired

C8B ACT with writing recommended

C8B ACT with or without writing accepted

Х	

C8B	If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for f	irst-time, first-year,	degree-seeking applicants
	for Fall 2019 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (rega	rdless of whether th	e Essay score will be use
	in the admissions process:		
C8B	SAT with Essay component required		
C8B	SAT with Essay component recommended		
C8B	SAT with or without Essay component accepted	X	
C8C	Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing or	omponent; check al	I that apply:
C8C	,	SAT essay	ACT essay
C8C	For admission	·	·
	For placement	Х	X
	For advising		~
	In place of an application essay		
C8C			
	As a validity check on the application essay		
C8C	No college policy as of now		
	Not using essay component		
C8D	In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for acade	mic advising?	
C8D	Yes No		
	X	†	
		_	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	August 1, 2017	
	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for	i i i guar i, a a i i	
	fall-term admission		
C8F	If necessary use this appear to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests or	o recommended for	r como atudente
	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are	e recommended to	i some students,
C8F			
C8G	Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests	s):	
C8G	SAT		
C8G	ACT		
	SAT Subject Tests		
C8G	,		
	CLEP		
	Institutional Exam	Х	
	State Exam (specify):	^	
CoG	State Exam (specify).		
	Fundamen Busfile		
	Freshman Profile		
	Provide information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and pa		-
	(freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2017, including students who beg	-	
	international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted unde	r special arrangeme	ents.
C9	Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students e	enrolled in Fall 201	7 who
	submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include		
	degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who sul		

include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. *Do* not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. *Do* convert Old SAT scores to New SAT scores using

25th Percentile 75th Percentile

84% Number submitting SAT scores

Number submitting ACT scores

the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

Percent submitting SAT scores

Percent submitting ACT scores

C9

CDS-C Page 9

1311

508

C9	SAT Evidence-Based Reading		
	and Writing	490	590
C9	SAT Math	480	580
	SAT Essay	4	8
C9	ACT Composite	18	25
C9	ACT Math	18	25
C9	ACT English	17	24
C9	ACT Writing	16	23

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Evidence-		
		Based Reading		
		and Writing	SAT Math	
C9	700-800	2.44%	1.75%	
C9	600-699	20.55%	17.01%	
C9	500-599	46.29%	48.28%	
C9	400-499	29.18%	29.60%	
C9	300-399	1.54%	3.36%	
C9	200-299	0.00%	0.00%	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	7.28%	8.63%	3.73%
C9	24-29	25.39%	21.37%	34.31%
C9	18-23	49.21%	39.61%	37.25%
C9	12-17	18.12%	28.82%	24.71%
C9	6-11	0.00%	1.57%	0.00%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class 11%		
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class 34%		
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class 69		Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class		bottom half = 100%
C10	C10 Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class		
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted I		
	class rank:		

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	17.29%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	14.32%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	13.42%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	16.32%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	26.19%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	10.84%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	1.61%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.14
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	
	submitted high school GPA:	99.61%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

0.0	Application i ce				
C13		Yes	No		
	Does your institution have an application fee?	X			
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00			
C13		Yes	No		

C13	with financial need?				
	If you have an application fee and Same fee:		tion option,		
-	Free: Reduced:	X			
C13		Yes	No	•	
	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	Х			
C14 C14	Application closing date	Yes	No	Ī	
	Does your institution have an application closing date?	х			
	Application closing date (fall): Priority date:	8/1			
C15				Yes	No
	Are first-time, first-year studen	ts accepted for te	rms other than	X	140
C16 C16 C17 C17 C17	Notification to applicants of ad On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Other: Reply policy for admitted appli Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter	1-Nov		ly)	
C17 C17	Other: Deadline for housing deposit (MM Amount of housing deposit: Refundable if student does not er Yes, in full Yes, in part No	,	150.00		
C18	Deferred admission				
C18 C18	Does your institution allow studer admission?	nts to postpone enre	ollment after	Yes X	No
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:	1 Year		,
C19 C19	Early admission of high school	students		Yes	No
	Does your institution allow high sifirst-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation?			163	X
C20	Common Application	Question removed fi	rom CDS.	(Initiated during 20	06-2007 cycle)
C21	Early Decision and Early A	Action Plans			
C21	•			Yes	No

UZ I	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan		
	that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission		
	decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks		X
	students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year		
	(freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		
C21	If "yes," please complete the following:		
C21	First or only early decision plan closing date		
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date		
C21	Other early decision plan closing date		
C21	Other early decision plan notification date		
	For the Fall 2017 entering class:		Ì
	Number of early decision applications received by your institution		
	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan		
C21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:		
Caa	Early action		
-	Early action	Voc	No
C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are	Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular	Yes	-
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are	Yes	No X
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular	Yes	-
C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Yes	-
C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following:	Yes	-
C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Yes	-
C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date	Yes	-
C22 C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date		X
C22 C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date Early action notification date		X
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular	Yes	-
C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date Early action notification date Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit studen		X
C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date Early action notification date Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit studen		X

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	X	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	Х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2016.

D2		Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
		Applicants	Applicants	Applicants
D2	Men	319	268	185
D2	Women	427	369	252
D2	Total	746	637	437

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	\boxtimes
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	\boxtimes
D3	Summer	\boxtimes

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?		X
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?		

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript	X				
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal statement					Х
D5	Interview					X
D5	Standardized test scores			Χ		
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					Х

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required	
	of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall		8/1			
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring		12/15			
D9	Summer					

D10	Yes	No

CDS-D Page 13

10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?		Х
Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if approximately additional requirements for transfer admission and the contract of the contract o	pplicable:	
Transfer Credit Policies		
Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	C-	
13	Number	Unit Type
Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:	90	semester hours
14	Number	Unit Type
Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:	90	semester hours
AF Minimum number of gradity that transfers must complete at		1
Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	32.00	
16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at]
your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	32.00]
17 Describe other transfer credit policies:		
1		

CDS-D Page 14

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

51 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	X
E1	Cooperative education program	X
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	X
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	X
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	X
E1	Student-designed major	X
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Weekend college	X
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

	work prior to graduation.	
E3	Arts/fine arts	Х
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	Х
E3	Foreign languages	
E3	History	
E3	Humanities	Х
E3	Mathematics	X
E3	Philosophy	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E3	Social science	X
E3	Other (describe):	

CDS-E Page 15

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2017 who fit the following categories:

-4		Circl times first vest	
F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	7%	6%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities		
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	1%	1%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	28%	10%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	72%	80%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	1%	21%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	21
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	23

F2 <u>Activities offered Identify those progra</u>ms available at your institution.

	710111111111111111111111111111111111111	~. ~ 9. ~
F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	Χ
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	International Student	Х
	Organization	^
F2	Jazz band	Χ
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	Χ
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	Χ
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

X
Χ

CDS-F Page 16

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2018-2019 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

	Check here if your institution's 2018-2019 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this
Х	time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2018-2019 academic
	year costs of attendance will be available:
	- 1-Jun

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2018-2019 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
	In-district		\$7,349
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):		\$7,349
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:		\$19,187
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:		\$19,187
G1	REQUIRED FEES:		\$1,101
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)		
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and	l board fee (if your	
	college cannot provide separate tuition	on and room and	
	board fees):		

G1	Other:

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition		

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,		V
	junior, senior)?		X

G4		Yes	No
G4	Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?		
G4		%	
	If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?		

CDS-G Page 17

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies			
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-district:	\$281.65
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$281.65
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	Out-of-state:	\$676.25
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	
		\$676.25

CDS-G Page 18

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2016-2017 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2016-2017 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2017-2018	2016-2017
		estimated	final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1,		
	H2, H2A, and H6 below:		
H3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding	g institutional aid?	
H3	Federal methodology (FM)		
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)		
H3	Both FM and IM		
	·	•	

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal		
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)		
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).		
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$0	\$0
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
H1	Federal Work-Study		
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
H1	Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans		
H1	Tuition Waivers		
	Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to		
	report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
H1	Athletic Awards		

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2016 cohort)			
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid			

H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to	
	- /	have financial need	
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any	
	ľ	financial aid	
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any	
	1	need-based scholarship or grant aid	
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any	
		need-based self-help aid	
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-	
		need-based scholarship or grant aid	
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met	
		(exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private	
		alternative loans)	
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of	
		students who were awarded any need-based aid.	
		Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as	
		well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC	
		(PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative	
		<u>loans</u>)	
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d .	
		Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace	
		EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private	
		alternative loans)	
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of	
	,	those in line e	
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS	
		loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	
	_	of those in line f	
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans,	
		unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of	
		those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
H2A	o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n			
H2A	p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
H2A	q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p			

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5.

Include: * 2017 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * students who transferred in.

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

^{*} parent loans

	* students who did not graduate or who graduate	ed with another deg	ree or certificate (l	out no bachelor's de	egree)
H4	Provide the number of students in the 2017 undergra institution as first-time students and received a bache	lor's degree betwe	en July 1, 2016		- ,
	and June 30, 2017. Exclude students who transferred	d into your institution	n		
Н5	Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) bor average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-un provide better information about student borrowing from federal annumbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be base example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cum	dergraduate-borrower co d nonfederal (institutiona d only on the loan source	umulative principal born al, state, commercial) so e specified for the parti	rowed," is designed to ources. The cular row. For	
Н5	e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the	the first column	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	
	a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	first column	(nearest 1%)	(nearest \$1)	
	b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.				
	c) Institutional loan programs.				
	d) State loan programs.				
	e) Private student loans made by a bank or lender.				
	Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking No dollar amounts for the same academic year checked		s (Note: Report r	numbers and	
Н6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutiona seeking nonresident aliens:	l scholarship and g	rant aid for underg	raduate degree-	
H6 H6 H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is an Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available				
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergradu aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degreewere awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:				
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid aw seeking nonresident aliens:	arded to undergrad	duate degree-		
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid award seeking nonresident aliens:	led to undergraduat	te degree-		

H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-	year financial aid a	applicants must su	bmit:
H7	Institution's own financial aid form			
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE			
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application			
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances			
H7	Other (specify):			
•••	Cure. (epooliy).	ı		
	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students			
	Frocess for First-Teal/Freshinal Students			
H8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (fre	snman) financiai a	ila applicants musi	t sudmit:
Н8	FAFSA			
Н8	Institution's own financial aid form			
Н8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE			
Н8	State aid form			
Н8	Noncustodial PROFILE			
H8	Business/Farm Supplement			
H8	Other (specify):			
		•		
H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:			
H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:			
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:			
H9	No deadline for filing required financial aid forms.	occod on a		
пэ	0 1 11 1	esseu on a		
	rolling basis):			
	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	dents (answer a or	b):	
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):			
H10		Yes	No	
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:			
H10	If yes, starting date:			
H11	Indicate reply dates:			
H11	Students must reply by (date):			
H11	or within weeks of notification.			
	Types of Aid Available			
	Please check off all types of aid available to undergrad	duatos at vour insti	tution:	
1140		duales at your mist	tution.	
	Loans	DECT LOAN!		
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DI	RECT LOAN)		
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans			
	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans			
H12	Direct PLUS Loans			
				
	Federal Perkins Loans			
H12	Federal Nursing Loans			
H12	State Loans			
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds			
H12	Other (specify):			
		•		
			<u>.</u>	
H13	Scholarships and Grants			
	NEED-BASED:			
	Federal Pell			
	SEOG			
	State scholarships/grants			
H13	Private scholarchine			
	Private scholarships	ional francis		
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut	ional funds		
H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund	ional funds		
H13 H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship	ional funds		
H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund	ional funds		
H13 H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship	ional funds		
H13 H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):			
H13 H13 H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship		Need-Based	

Common Data Set 2017-2018

H14	Academics		
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics		
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership		
H14	Minority status		
H14	Music/drama		
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency		
H15	If your institution has recently implemented any major initiative to make your institution more affordable to incloans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a provide details below:	coming students si	uch as replacing

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2017. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

I1 IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

Full-time	Part-time
Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
Exclude	Include
Exclude	Exclude
Include	Exclude
Exclude	Exclude
Exclude	Include
	Exclude Exclude Exclude Exclude Exclude Exclude

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	367	351	718
11	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	88	41	129
11	c)	Total number who are women	159	187	346
11	d)	Total number who are men	208	164	372
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	18		18
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
11			312	21	333
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
11		master's	35	154	189
11	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	9	74	83
	:\	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
11	')	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	11	102	113
	i۱	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
11	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2017 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2016 Student to Facult	y ratio	14	to 1	(based on	6554	students

CDS-I Page 24

484 faculty). and

Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2017 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2017. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate	Class Si	ze (provide	numbers)

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	306	498	446	155	28	47	5	1485

3	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
3	SECTIONS	27	57	45	19	2	0	0	150

CDS-I Page 25

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources and conservation				3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area, ethnic, and gender studies	0.0139	0.0077	0.0022	5
J1	Communication/journalism			0.0363	9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences		0.0769	0.0356	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			0.0821	13
J1	Engineering			0.048	14
J1	Engineering technologies	0.0139	0.3	0.0385	15
J1	Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.0087	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English	0.0694		0.0233	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies		0.0385	0.1126	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			0.0538	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics	0.0278		0.0138	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies	0.1806			30
J1	Parks and recreation				31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			0.0029	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences	0.0139		0.0225	40
J1	Science technologies		0.1308		41
J1	Psychology	0.0139		0.0625	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
J1	Public administration and social services			0.0654	44
J1	Social sciences	0.1944		0.0233	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production		i		48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts		0.0077	0.0531	50
J1	Health professions and related programs	0.1806	0.2615	0.1446	51
J1	Business/marketing	0.2916	0.1692	0.1533	52
J1	History		0.0077	0.0175	54
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

CDS-J Page 26

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

* Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

* Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

* Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

* Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

* Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-vear undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

* **Health services:** Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

* Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

* Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

* Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

* On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

* **Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- * Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- * Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

* Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

* Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- * Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- * Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

* Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.