A. General Information

A1 Address Information

A1	Name of College/University:	Indiana University - Purdue University Fort Wayne
A 1	Mailing Address:	2101 E. Coliseum Blvd.
A 1	City/State/Zip	Fort Wayne, IN 46805
A 1	Main Phone:	(260) 481-6100
A 1	WWW Home Page Address:	http://www.ipfw.edu
A 1	Admissions Phone Number:	(260) 481-6812
A 1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	(800) 324-4739 available inside Indiana only
A 1	Admissions Fax number:	(260) 481-6880
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	ipfwadms@ipfw.edu
A1	Is there a separate URL application	http://www.ipfw.edu/admiss
	site on the Internet? If so, please	
	specify:	

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

A2	Public	Χ
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
A2	Proprietary	

A3 Classification of institution:

A3	Coeducational college	Χ
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

$\overline{}$	riodadiiiio yodi odioiidaii	
A4	Semester	Χ
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered:

73	begrees offered.	
A5	Certificate	Χ
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	Χ
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Χ
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	Χ
A5	Master's	Χ
A5	Post-master's certificate	
A5	Doctoral	
A5	First professional	
A5	First professional certificate	

CDS-A Page 1

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2002.

B 1		FULL	-TIME	PART-1	IME
B 1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	633	804	121	174
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	882	1,043	721	987
B1	All other degree-seeking	1,137	1,674	975	1,436
B1	Total degree-seeking	2,652	3,521	1,817	2,597
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	13	7	114	159
B1	Total undergraduates	2,665	3,528	1,931	2,756
B1	First-Professional				
B1	First-time, first-professional				
	students				
B1	All other first-professionals				
B1	Total first-professional	0	0	0	0
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	13	13	46	54
B1	All other degree-seeking	22	34	203	328
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	3	2	43	116
B1	Total graduate	38	49	292	498
B1	Total all undergraduates			_	10,880
B1	Total all graduate and professional	students		<u> </u>	877
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS			_	11,757

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2002. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	column only if you cannot provide date to the most the columns.			
B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	14	159	162
B2	Black, non-Hispanic	73	559	577
B2	American Indian or Alaskan Native	6	34	35
B2	Asian or Pacific Islander	28	201	207
B2	Hispanic	36	233	236
B2	White, non-Hispanic	1,514	9,209	9,467
B2	Race/ethnicity unknown	35	192	196
B2	TOTAL	1,706	10,587	10,880

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002

B3 Certificate/diploma 58

CDS-B Page 2

B3	Associate degrees	490
B3	Bachelor's degrees	831
B3	Master's degrees	181
B3	Postbachelor's degrees	
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees	
B3	First professional degrees	
B3	First professional certificates	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2002 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1996. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1996.

	cultimer term proceding fair recei	
B4	Initial 1996 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	1,025
B5	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service	
	of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
B6	Final 1996 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	
	question B4)	1,025
B7	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	
	August 31, 2000):	44
B8	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but	
	in five years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001):	75
B9	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but	
	in six years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	
	in six years or less (after August 51, 2001 and by August 51, 2002).	71
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	190
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 1996 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	19%

For Two-Year Institutions:

B12	Initial 1999 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
	Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service	
	of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 1999 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from	
	question B12):	
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
	normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

CDS-B Page 3

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2001 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2001 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2002?	65%

CDS-B Page 4

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2002. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1082
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1389

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1044
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1351

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	632
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	120

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	784
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	170

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		169	INO
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		Χ
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2002 admissions:		
C2	Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirements

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	V
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	
C4	Recommend	Χ
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units	10	
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	3	
C5	Science	1	2-3
C5	Of these, units that must be		1

C5	Foreign language	1	2-3
C5	Social studies	1	2-3
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives		
C5	Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

- C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:
- C6 Open admission policy as described above for all students
 C6 Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
 Selective admission to some programs
 Other (explain)

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic			1	
C7	Secondary school record	Х			
C7	Class rank	Х			
C7	Recommendation(s)			X	
C7	Standardized test scores	Х			
C7	Essay				X
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				Х
C7	Extracurricular activities				X
C7	Talent/ability				X
C7	Character/personal qualities				X
C7	Alumni/ae relation				Χ
C7	Geographical residence				Χ
C7	State residency			X	
C7	Religious				X
	affiliation/commitment				^
C7	Minority status				X
C7	Volunteer work		·		X
C7	Work experience		·		X

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in		
	admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	X	
	applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.

	ADMISSION				
	Require	Recommend	Require for some	Consider if submitted	Not Used
SATI					
ACT					
SAT I or ACT (no preference)	X				
SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred					
SAT I or ACTACT preferred					
SAT I and SAT II					

SAT I and SAT II or ACT			
SAT II			

C8A In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

		Yes	No	1
C8A	Placement		Х	
C8A	Counseling		Х	

C8B Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for placement only? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:

C8B		PLACEMENT		
C8B		Require	Recommend	Require for some
C8B	SAT I			
C8B	SAT II			
C8B	ACT			
C8B	SAT I or ACT			

Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission	8/1
Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission	

C8D	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students,
	or if tests are not required of some students):

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2002, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2002 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	80% Number submitting SAT scores	1358
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	13% Number submitting ACT scores	219

First-time freshman test scores

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT I Verbal	420	540
C9	SAT I Math	430	550
C9	ACT Composite	17	23
C9	ACT English	16	22
C9	ACT Math	17	23

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
C9	700-800	0%	1%
C9	600-699	9%	11%
C9	500-599	32%	32%
C9	400-499	45%	41%

C9	300-399	12%	14%
C9	200-299	1%	1%

C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	1%	2%	2%
C9	24-29	21%	12%	23%
C9	18-23	52%	52%	44%
C9	12-17	25%	30%	31%
C9	6-11	0%	4%	0%
C9	Below 6	0%	0%	0%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	7%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	24%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	57%	
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	43%	
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	15%	
C10	Percent of total first-time freshmen who submitted high school class ra	nk:	91%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

	Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher	46%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99	48%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	6%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%

	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year	
	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:	2.59
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	
	submitted high school GPA:	80.00%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
	Does your institution have an application fee?	Х	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$30.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Х	

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an		
	application closing date?		Χ
C14	Application closing date (fall):		
C14	Priority date:		

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time freshmen accepted for terms other than fall?	Χ	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning	
	(date):	Χ
C16	By (date):	

C16	Other:				
C16					
			=		
C17	Reply policy for admitted applic	ants:			
C17	Must reply by (date):				
	No set date:	X			
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within				
	weeks if notified				
	thereafter				
C17	Other:				
C17					
	Deferred admission				
C18	December in etitution allow studen	40.40.00040000	alles and after	Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow studen	its to postpone enr	ollment after		Χ
040	admission?		1		
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:			
040	Early admission of high school	atudanta			
C19	Early admission of high school	students		Yes	No
	Does your institution allow high so	shool students to s	poroll as full time	162	INU
CIS	first-time, first-year (freshman) stu				V
	school graduation?	idents one year or	more before mgm		Х
	School graduation:				
Can	Common application				
C20				Yes	No
	Will you accept the Common App	lication distributed	by the National	163	
C20	Association of Secondary School				X
C20	If "yes," are supplemental forms re		illou.		
	Is your college a member of the C		n Group?		
		• •	•		
	Early Decision and Early A	ction Plans			
C21	Early Decision				
C21				Yes	No
	Does your institution offer an early	v decision plan (ar	admission plan		
	that permits students to apply and				
	decision well in advance of the re	gular notification d	ate and that asks		Χ
	students to commit to attending if	accepted) for first	-time, first-year		
	(freshman) applicants for fall enro	Ilment?	·		
C21	If "yes," please complete the follow	wing:	•		
C21	First or only early decision plan cl	osing date			
C21	First or only early decision plan no	otification date			
	Other early decision plan closing				
	Other early decision plan notificat				
	For the Fall 2002 entering class			-	
	Number of early decision applicat				
	Number of applicants admitted ur				1
C21	Please provide significant details	about your early d	ecision plan:		
	F. L. W.				
	Early action			Vaa	Na
C22	Do you have a pashinding saily	otion plan whereb	v atudanta ara	Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early a notified of an admission decision				
	notification date but do not have t				Χ
	Indinication date but do not have t	o commit to attend	ing your college?		
Caa	If "yes," please complete the follow	wing:			

Common Data Set 2002-2003

C22	Early action closing date	
C22	Early action notification date	

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	Х	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	Х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2002.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men	492	474	345
D2	Women	789	773	509
D2	Total	1,281	1,247	854

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	Χ
D3	Winter	Χ
D3	Spring	
D3	Summer	Χ

D4		Yes	No
D4	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?		Х
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?		

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5			Recommended	Recommended		
DJ		Required of All	of All	of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript	Χ				
D5	College transcript(s)	Χ				
D5	Essay or personal					v
	statement					^
D5	Interview					Χ
D5	Standardized test scores			Χ		
D5	Statement of good standing					
	from prior institution(s)					Χ

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	N/R

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

CDS-D Page 11

Common Data Set 2002-2003

1						
D8 D8	List any other application rec	uirements spec	ific to transfer ap	oplicants:		
D9	List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.					
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall		8/1			
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring		12/15			
D9	Summer					
D40				Yes	No	7
D10 D10	Does an open admission pol	icy if reported	annly to	162	No	-
סוס	transfer students?	icy, ii reported,	apply to			
ļ	transfer stadente.					_
D11	Describe additional requirem	ents for transfe	r admission, if a	oplicable:		
D11	•			•		
i	Transfer Credit Policie					
D12	Report the lowest grade earn	ned for any cour	se that may be			
	transferred for credit:			C-		
D13				Number	Unit Type	7
	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	may be	Number	semester	-
D13	transferred from a two-year i		may be	90	hours	
	and the year .			I	110010	_
D14				Number	Unit Type	7
D14	Maximum number of credits		may be	90	semester]
	transferred from a four-year	nstitution:		90	hours	
D15	Minimum number of credits t		ust complete at			
	your institution to earn an as	sociate degree:		32		
D46	Minimum number of credits t	hat transfers m	uct complete et			
	your institution to earn a back		usi complete at	32		
	your montunon to cam a back	ieioi s degree.		32		
D17	Describe other transfer credi	t policies:				
D17						

CDS-D Page 12

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative (work-study) program	Х
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	Х
E1	Double major	Χ
E1	Dual enrollment	
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	Χ
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	Χ
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	Χ
E1	Independent study	Χ
E1	Internships	Χ
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	Χ
E1	Student-designed major	Χ
E1	Study abroad	Χ
E1	Teacher certification program	Χ
E1	Weekend college	Χ
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E 3	Arts/fine arts	Χ
E 3	Computer literacy	
E 3	English (including composition)	Χ
E3	Foreign languages	
E3	History	
E3	Humanities	Χ
E3	Mathematics	Χ
E3	Philosophy	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	Χ
E3	Social science	Χ
E 3	Other (describe):	

Library Collections

Report the number of holdings. Refer to IPEDS 2000 Academic Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections, FY 2000", lines 26-30, column 2 for corresponding equivalents.

E4	Books, serial backfiles, and other materials including government documents	
	(paper titlesline 27) that are accessible through the library's catalog:	479,992
E5	Current serial subscriptions in paper and microformnot electronicincluding	
	government documents (line 29):	10,964
E6	Microforms (unitsline 28):	536,519
E7	Audiovisual materials (unitsline 30):	1,000

CDS-E Page 13

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2002 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens)	N/A	2%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	N/A	1%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	N/A	1%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	0%	0%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	100%	100%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	7%	36%
F1	Average age of full-time students	19	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	20	25

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	Χ
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	Jazz band	Χ
F2	Literary magazine	
F2	Marching band	
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	Χ
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	

F3 ROTC (programs offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:			
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	

CDS-F Page 14

Common Data Set 2002-2003

F4	Apartments for married students	
F4 F4	Apartments for single students Special housing for disabled	
Г4	students	
F4	Special housing for international students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	
F4		

CDS-F Page 15

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2003-2004 academic year costs for the fo	ollowing categories that are applicable to you
institution.	

X Check here if your institution's 2003-2004 academic year costs are not	
available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when	
your institution's final 2003-2004 academic year costs will be available:	7/1

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2003-2004 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1			
G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district	\$3,508	\$3,100
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state		
	(out-of-district):	\$3,508	\$3,100
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-		
	state:	\$8,136	\$7,728
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$8,136	\$7,728
G1			
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$384	\$384
G1			
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)		

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

G1	Other:
G1	

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition	12	12

G3		Yes	No
	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,		V
	junior, senior)?		^

CDS-G Page 16

G4 If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:

G4

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	The state of the s					
G5		Residents	Commuters	Commuters		
		Residents	(living at home)	(not living at home)		
G5	Books and supplies		\$800	\$800		
G5	Room only			\$3,682		
G5	Board only		\$1,892	\$1,892		
G5	Transportation		\$1,232	\$1,232		
G5	Other expenses		\$1,632	\$1,632		

G6	Undergraduate per-credit-hour		
	charges	Continuing Students	New Students
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district	\$145.15	\$162.15
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state		
	(out-of-district):	\$145.15	\$162.15
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-		
	state:	\$338.00	\$355.00
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$338.00	\$355.00

CDS-G Page 17

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2001-2002 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2001-2002 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based gift aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

	2002-2003 estimated	2001-2002 final
Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		Х

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$5,818,828	
H1	State	\$2,773,149	\$602,754
H1	Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$672,696	
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National		
	Merit) not awarded by the college		\$1,538,265
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$9,264,673	\$2,141,019
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$9,399,345	\$9,152,683
H1	Federal work-study	\$257,880	
H1	State and other work-study/employment		\$1,744,915
H1	Total Self-Help	\$9,657,225	\$10,897,598
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans		\$222,481
H1	Tuition Waivers	\$476,893	
H1	Athletic Awards		\$527,379

CDS-H Page 18

Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		ie freshiffen should also be counted as fun-tiffe und	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2001 cohort)	1411	5713	4287
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	938	4931	4252
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	894	4761	4215
H2	d)	aid	722	3812	1982
H2	e)	based gift aid	498	3268	1295
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who received any need-based self-help aid	329	1911	1064
H2	g)	need-based gift aid	199	892	173
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	131	537	524
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	70.6%	72.4%	68.3%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,601	\$ 3,125
H2	k)	Average need-based gift award of those in line e	\$ 3,322	\$ 3,337	\$ 1,819
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 2,543	\$ 2,985	\$ 2,864
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who received a need-based loan	\$ 2,478	\$ 2,944	\$ 2,841

CDS-H Page 19

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who received non-need-based <u>gift</u> aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and tuition benefits)	105	613	69
H2A	o) Average <u>dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid</u> <u>awarded</u> to students in line n	\$ 774	\$ 1,135	\$ 1,200
H2A	 Number of students in line a who received a non-need- based athletic grant or scholarship 	48	158	72
H2A	q) Average <u>dollar amount</u> of non-need-based <u>athletic</u> <u>grants and scholarships awarded</u> to students in line p	\$ 3,140	\$ 3,410	\$ 3,229

Н3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?				
H3	Federal methodology (FM)	Χ			
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)				
H3	Both FM and IM				
H4	Percent of the 2002 undergraduate class who graduate	ed between July 1	, 2001 and June		
	30, 2002 and borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized,				

unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed

while enrolled at your institution.

H5 Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$13,764

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresiden
	aliens:

H6	College-administered need-based financial aid is available	
H6	College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available	
H6	College-administered financial aid is not available	Χ

H6 If college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who received need-based or non-need-based aid:

H6 Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

H6 Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:

CDS-H Page 20

59%

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H7	Financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) fina	ncial aid applicant	s must submit:
H7	FAFSA		Х
H7	Institution's own financial aid form		
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		
H7	State aid form		
H7	Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statemen	t	
H7	Business/Farm Supplement		
H7	Other (specify):		
H7		•	
Н8	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-	vear financial aid a	applicants must submit
Н8	Institution's own financial aid form	,	
H8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		
H8	Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application		
H8	Foreign Student's Certification of Finances		
H8	Other (specify):		
H8	Carlos (opcomy).		
Н9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:		
Н9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:		3/10
Н9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:		4/30
Н9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications proc	essed on a	
	rolling basis):		
H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	dents (answer a or	b):
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):	,	,
H10		Yes	No
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:		
H10	If yes, starting date:		
1144	Indicate verbudates.		
H11 H11	Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date):		
H11	or within 4 weeks of notification.		
пп	or within 4 weeks or notification.		
	Types of Aid Available		
H12	Loans		
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DI	RECT LOAN)	
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	/	
	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
H12			
			<u></u>
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (F	FFEL)	
H12	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans		X
H12	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		Χ
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans		Χ
	Federal Perkins Loans		X
H12	Federal Nursing Loans		

CDS-H Page 21

Common Data Set 2002-2003

H12	State Loans		
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds		
H12	Other (specify):		
H12		_	
H13	Scholarships and Grants		
H13	NEED-BASED:		
H13	Federal Pell		Χ
H13	SEOG		X
H13	State scholarships/grants		Χ
H13	Private scholarships		Χ
H13	College/university gift aid from institutional funds		
H13	United Negro College Fund		
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
H13	Other (specify):		
		L.	
H13		<u>-</u>	
H13			
H13 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec		
H13 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec	Ion-Need Based	Need-Based
H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics	lon-Need Based X	Need-Based
H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics Alumni affiliation	lon-Need Based X X	Need-Based
H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics Alumni affiliation Art	Ion-Need Based X X X X	
H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics	lon-Need Based X X	X
H13 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics Job skills	Ion-Need Based X X X X	
H13 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec N Academics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics Job skills ROTC	Ion-Need Based X X X X	X
H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec Nacademics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics Job skills ROTC Leadership	Ion-Need Based X X X X	X
H13 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec Nacademics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics Job skills ROTC Leadership Minority status	Ion-Need Based X X X X	X
H13 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec Nacademics	Ion-Need Based X X X X	X
H13 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14 H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Chec Nacademics Alumni affiliation Art Athletics Job skills ROTC Leadership Minority status	Ion-Need Based X X X X	X

CDS-H Page 22

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I1 Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2002.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

I1			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	329	311	640
I1	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	43	21	64
I1	c)	Total number who are women	123	162	285
I 1	d)	Total number who are men	206	149	355
I1	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	8	0	8
	f)	Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal			
I1		degree	272	48	320
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I 1		master's	40	165	205
I 1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	14	80	94
	:\	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
I 1	יי	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	3	18	21

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2002 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2002 Student to Faculty ratio	19 to 1.

CDS-I Page 23

13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

13

13 13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2002 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2002. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate	Class Siz	e (provide	numbers)

3	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
}	SECTIONS	233	378	519	243	97	55	16	1541

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	48	38	55	13	0	1	0	155

CDS-I Page 24

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor degrees awarded.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1 and 2
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies	10%		0%	5
J1	Biological/life sciences			3%	26
J1	Business/marketing	10%	24%	17%	8 and 52
J1	Communications/communication technologies			5%	9 and 10
J1	Computer and information sciences		6%	3%	11
J1	Education		3%	19%	13
J1	Engineering/engineering technologies	28%	15%	8%	14 and 15
J1	English		0%	2%	23
J1	Foreign languages and literature		0%	1%	16
J1	Health professions and related sciences	48%	28%	3%	51
J1	Home economics and vocational home economics				19 and 20
J1	Interdisciplinary studies				30
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	Liberal arts/general studies		9%	14%	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Mathematics		1%	1%	27
J1	Military science and technologies				28 and 29
J1	Natural resources/environmental science				3
J1	Parks and recreation				31
J1	Personal and miscellaneous services				12
J1	Philosophy, religion, theology			0%	38 and 39
J1	Physical sciences		6%	1%	40 and 41
J1	Protective services/public administration	3%	6%	5%	43 and 44
J1	Psychology		1%	5%	42
J1	Social sciences and history			5%	45
J1	Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and 49
J1	Visual and performing arts		2%	5%	50
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

CDS-J Page 25

Common Data Set Definitions 2002

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but not more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (workstudy plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.)

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to **Contact hour:** A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred **Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin **Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of **Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally **Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously. **Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may **Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies,

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students

enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee. Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking ***Health services:** Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure. **In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's **International student:** See **Nonresident alien.**

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of *Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or **Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do **Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level. **Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or **Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both **Proprietary institution:** See **Private for-profit institution.**

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competend necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an *Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or **Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit. **Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per ***Tutoring:** May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter **Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the *Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of

Financial Aid Definitions

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student

Need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student

Non-need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Common Data Set 2002-2003

Non-need tuition waivers
Non-need athletic awards
Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need outside grants
Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans
Non-need work
Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student
Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student
brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive
Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your